MACHI	INE LEARNING	Semester	6
Course Code	BCS602	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	4:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	50	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theo	ory	
<ul> <li>To understanding of var world applications.</li> <li>To familiarize the machine Bayesian models, cluster</li> <li>To explore advanced condition its applications.</li> <li>To enable students to model of problems.</li> </ul> Teaching-Learning Process (Gen These are sample Strategies, which outcomes. <ol> <li>Lecturer method (L) needs teaching methods could be teaching methods could be</li> <li>Use of Video/Animation/D</li> <li>Encourage collaborative (C</li> <li>Ask at least three HOT (High thinking.</li> <li>Adopt Problem/Practical Edition in the design thinking skills, and analyze information rather</li> <li>Use animations/videos to a state of the state of</li></ol>	a teachers can use to accelerate the att s not to be only a traditional lecture m e adopted to attain the outcomes. Demonstration to explain functioning of Group Learning) Learning in the class. gher order Thinking) questions in the Based Learning (PBL), which fosters s practical skill such as the ability to de	d the challenges faced i gression, decision trees and provide practical in ng solutions for differer cainment of the various co tethod, but alternative eff of various concepts. class, which promotes cr tudents' Analytical skills, sign, evaluate, generalize oncepts.	nsight nt type ourse ective itical develo
	Module-1		
to other Fields, Types of Machine Machine Machine Learning Applications.	Learning, Machine Learning Explaine Learning, Challenges of Machine Lear action, Big Data Analysis Framework, 1	ning, Machine Learning P	rocess,
Chapter-1, 2 (2.1-2.5)	Module-2		
Understanding Data 2. Diver	riate Data and Multivariate Data, M	Iultivariato Statistico E	contial
-	n, Feature Engineering and Dimension		
<b>Basic Learning Theory:</b> Design of Machine Learning.	of Learning System, Introduction to Co	oncept of Learning, Mode	lling in
Chapter-2 (2.6-2.8, 2.10), Chapter	er-3 (3.3, 3.4, 3.6)		

**Similarity-based Learning:** Nearest-Neighbor Learning, Weighted K-Nearest-Neighbor Algorithm, Nearest Centroid Classifier, Locally Weighted Regression (LWR).

**Regression Analysis:** Introduction to Regression, Introduction to Linear Regression, Multiple Linear Regression, Polynomial Regression, Logistic Regression.

**Decision Tree Learning:** Introduction to Decision Tree Learning Model, Decision Tree Induction Algorithms.

Chapter-4 (4.2-4.5), Chapter-5 (5.1-5.3, 5.5-5.7), Chapter-6 (6.1, 6.2)

Module-4

**Bayesian Learning:** Introduction to Probability-based Learning, Fundamentals of Bayes Theorem, Classification Using Bayes Model, Naïve Bayes Algorithm for Continuous Attributes.

**Artificial Neural Networks:** Introduction, Biological Neurons, Artificial Neurons, Perceptron and Learning Theory, Types of Artificial Neural Networks, Popular Applications of Artificial Neural Networks, Advantages and Disadvantages of ANN, Challenges of ANN.

Chapter-8 (8.1-8.4), Chapter-10 (10.1-10.5, 10.9-10.11)

Module-5

**Clustering Algorithms:** Introduction to Clustering Approaches, Proximity Measures, Hierarchical Clustering Algorithms, Partitional Clustering Algorithm, Density-based Methods, Grid-based Approach.

**Reinforcement Learning:** Overview of Reinforcement Learning, Scope of Reinforcement Learning, Reinforcement Learning as Machine Learning, Components of Reinforcement Learning, Markov Decision Process, Multi-Arm Bandit Problem and Reinforcement Problem Types, Model-based Learning, Model Free Methods, Q-Learning, SARSA Learning.

#### Chapter -13 (13.1-13.6), Chapter -14 (14-1-14.10)

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Describe the machine learning techniques, their types and data analysis framework.
- 2. Apply mathematical concepts for feature engineering and perform dimensionality reduction to enhance model performance.
- 3. Develop similarity-based learning models and regression models for solving classification and prediction tasks.
- 4. Build probabilistic learning models and design neural network models using perceptrons and multilayer architectures
- 5. Utilize clustering algorithms to identify patterns in data and implement reinforcement learning techniques

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. S Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi, "Machine Learning", OXFORD University Press 2021, First Edition.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Murty, M. N., and V. S. Ananthanarayana. Machine Learning: Theory and Practice, Universities Press, 2024.
- 2. T. M. Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw Hill, 1997.
- 3. Burkov, Andriy. *The hundred-page machine learning book*. Vol. 1. Quebec City, QC, Canada: Andriy Burkov, 2019.

#### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://www.universitiespress.com/resources?id=9789393330697</u>
- https://www.drssridhar.com/?page\_id=1053
- Machine Learning Tutorials: <u>https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/machine-learning/</u>
- Machine Learning Tutorials: <u>https://www.tutorialspoint.com/machine\_learning/index.htm</u>
- Python for Machine Learning: <u>https://www.w3schools.com/python/python ml\_getting\_started.asp</u>
- Introduction to Machine Learning: <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22\_cs29/preview</u>

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Practical Assignment: Implementation of Practical Exercises Chapter 2: Q1-Q4, Chapter 3: Q1, Chapter-4: Q1, Chapter-7: Q1, Chapter-8: Q1 10 Marks.
   (Note: Refer to *Reference book 1* for programming assignments <u>https://www.universitiespress.com/resources?id=9789393330697</u>)
- Course project: By considering suitable machine learning-based real-world application problem [15 Marks]

Blockch	ain Technology	Semester	6
Course Code	BCS613A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	10
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theor		1
<ul> <li>To learn working princi</li> <li>To gain knowledge on E</li> <li>To learn blockchain Bas Contract Lifecycle</li> </ul> Teaching-Learning Process (Gen These are sample Strategies, which outcomes. <ol> <li>Lecturer method (L) needs teaching methods could be</li> <li>Use of Video/Animation/E</li> <li>Encourage collaborative (C</li> <li>Ask at least three HOT (Hin thinking.</li> <li>Adopt Problem Based Least</li> </ol>	ain terminologies with its applicati ples of Blockchain and methodolog thereum Network, Wallets, Nodes, sed Application Architecture using <b>heral Instructions)</b> a teachers can use to accelerate the att s not to be only a traditional lecture m e adopted to attain the outcomes. Demonstration to explain functioning of Group Learning) Learning in the class. gher order Thinking) questions in the rning (PBL), which fosters students' Ar ability to design, evaluate, generalize,	gies used in Bitcoin Smart contract & DApp Hyperledger and the S ainment of the various co ethod, but alternative eff of various concepts. class, which promotes cr nalytical skills, develop d	Smart ourse ective itical esign
	help the students to understand the co Module-1 n, Byzantine Generals problem, Conser		ahain
Introduction to blockchain, Var blockchain, Features of a block	ious technical definitions of blockcl chain, Applications of blockchain tec chain, CAP theorem and blockchain	hains, Generic elements chnology, Tiers of block	of a chain
	Module-2		
decentralization, Smart contra organizations, Decentralized a Decentralized applications, Platfor Cryptographic primitives: Symme Hash functions: Compression of ar resistance, Second pre-image re	utonomous corporations, Decentra rms for decentralization. tric cryptography, Asymmetric cryptog bitrary messages into fixed length dige esistance, Collision resistance, Messa , Patricia trees, Distributed hash tabl	Decentralized autono lized autonomous soc graphy, Public and private est, Easy to compute, Pre- age Digest (MD),Secure	omous cieties keys, image Hash
Chapter 2, Chapter 3: pg:56-1	05		
	Madala 2		

Module-3